

The estimated (anticipated) impact chain for mine action activities¹

5 pillars in MA	Input	Output (operational achievements)	Outcomes (impact) (initial results/ indicators)	Impact (effect/ consequences)
Mine and UXO Clearance (all activities in relation to this)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project Funds • Materials • Manpower • Project Management 	<p>The guaranteed result of inputs and activities, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - x sqm of land cleared and released - x number of objects removed - x % decrease in mine victims and accidents 	<p>The status of the beneficiary population upon project implementation (gross change), e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - x number of beneficiaries has the possibility of resettling in the cleared area - x number (estimated) of beneficiaries having access to cleared road and using the road. 	<p>The changes in livelihood conditions that is due to the project (net change). E.g. the changes that the road has made to the lives of the beneficiary population through;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increased safety, - Easier socialising, - Better transport connections, - Better marketing conditions, - Higher influx of products, etc
Mine Risk Education	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project Funds • Materials • Manpower • Project Management 	<p>The guaranteed result of inputs and activities, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - x number of surveys conducted - x number of MRE presentations conducted - x number of beneficiaries received MRE - Public information dissemination, - Education and training, - x number of community mine action liaison (CL) visits². 	<p>The status of the beneficiary population upon project implementation (gross change), e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - x number of beneficiaries adopted 'safe behaviour' in a potential suspected contaminated area. - Reduced risk for injury from mines and Explosive Remnants of War (ERW) - Lesser degree of fear for mines and UXOs. 	<p>The changes in livelihood conditions that are due to the project (net change).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increased safety - Increased awareness - Increasing the feasibility for returning, resettling etc.

1. Built / developed in conjunction of the DRC Impact Chain, (Impact Monitoring Synthesis Report, 2006; 10)

2. Community mine action liaison aims to ensure that mine action projects address community needs and priorities.

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Victim assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project Funds • Materials • Manpower • Project Management 	<p>The guaranteed result of inputs and activities, e.g:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - x numbers of workshops established to facilitate rehabilitation / vocational training for victims of mines and ERW - Psycho-social programmes implemented - x % of mine victims have been integrated into civilian life in (x name) of area / region - x number of employments within the DDG field office to support re-integration of mine victims into civilian life - Surveys to estimate the level / rate of mine / UXO victim, to ensure that the level and types of needs are known and can best target finite resources e.g. through a Landmine Impact Survey (LIS) 	<p>The status of the beneficiary population upon project implementation (gross change), e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Re-establishment of a place in society for mine and ERW survivors³ - Co-ordination of the resources between organisations and communities involved, so victims of mines are attended to, whether the need is medical, training, employment and reintegration. 	<p>The changes in livelihood conditions that is due to the project (net change).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Support of and increased awareness of a minority group in vulnerable / complex contexts. - Increased awareness will lead to better recognition and acceptance from the broader civil society - Creation of legislative and policy frameworks for ERW victims

3. In addition to requiring assistance coping with a permanent disability, landmine survivors need support as they struggle to re-establish a place in society.

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Advocacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project Funds • Materials • Manpower • Project Management 	<p>The guaranteed result of inputs and activities, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - x number of meetings with relevant stakeholders - Special programme components implemented, e.g. Community Liaison and / or Small Arms Light Weapons 	<p>The status of the beneficiary population upon project implementation (gross change), e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Greater awareness to the negative impact of mine and UXO thus advocating for a change in policy of the same, e.g. acceptance of mine / ERW problems and sign up to the Landmine Convention⁴. 	<p>The changes in livelihood conditions that is due to the project (net change).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A recognition and acknowledgement of the contamination of mines and other unexploded objects - Support to reconstruction of civilian life and livelihood - Part of a joint international responsibility, striving for a reduction of the negative impact of mines and ERW.
Stockpile destruction⁵	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project Funds • Materials • Manpower • Project Management 	<p>The guaranteed result of inputs and activities, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - x number of stockpiles and objects disposed of 	<p>The status of the beneficiary population upon project implementation (gross change), e.g:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Beneficiaries having access to areas earlier contaminated / constrained by stockpiles of ammunition - In destroying the stockpiles a state ensures that none of these weapons will ever make their way into the ground to maim or kill indiscriminately. - By destroying their anti-personnel mine stockpiles, states save lives and limbs. 	<p>The changes in livelihood conditions that is due to the project (net change).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increased safety for beneficiaries - Fulfilment of the key humanitarian goals of the Convention (article 4) on the Prohibition of Anti-personnel Mines.

4. The 1997 Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer or Anti-Personnel Mines and on Their Destruction (Ottawa Treaty)

5. The 1997 Convention requires each State Party to destroy its stockpiled anti-personnel mines within four years from the time that the State becomes party to the Convention.